

Determination of water in petrochemistry products using Titrator TitroLine 7500 KF trace



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#### Use

The application describes the procedure of the coulometric water determination in petrochemistry products such as mineral oil and similar products. The application note describes only the direct titration and not the use of evaporation oven.

**Appliances** 

Titrator: TitroLine 7500 KF trace M1 - 4

**Electrodes** 

Generating electrode: with diaphragm (TZ 1753) or without diaphragm (TZ 1752)

Reagents

Use with diaphragm (TZ 1753):

Anolyt: Recommended from Sigma Aldrich: 70 ml HYDRANAL-Coulomat A

+ 30 ml Chloroform or 70 ml HYDRANAL-Coulomat Oil. Merck:

CombibiCoulomat frit + additional solvent

Catholyt Hydranal Coulomat CG for Hydranal reagents; CombiCoulomat frit

for Merck

Additional solvent The addition of up to 30 % to the analyt of a long chain alcohol such

as decanol or octanol or chloroform is recommended for Merck

combicoulomat.

Use without diaphragm (TZ 1752):

Reagent: Recommended is from Sigma Aldrich: Hydranal Coulomat AG-H,

from Merck CombiCoulomat fritless

Additional solvent The addition of up to 20 % to the reagent of a long chain alcohol

such as decanol or octanol is recommended (not needed for

Hydranal AG-H).

Standards are available from Merck and Sigma Aldrich.

Recommended are the standards with lower concentration of 0.01 %. Available are also special oil standards with very low water

concentrations between 15-30 ppm.



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### Description

Set up the unit and fill the reagents as described in the operating manual. Switch on the instrument and wait until the drift is <  $10 \mu g/min$  and stable. For M3 and M4 (generator electrode with diaphragm) it tales sometimes several hours to get a low drift value.

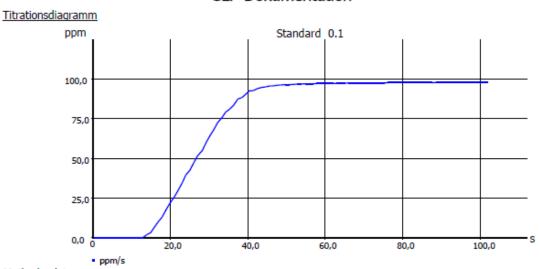
## Standard and sample Titration

Before you start the sample titration it is recommended to run some tests with a water standard. Standards with certificat in ampoules are recommended instead of pure water.

#### Standard:

- Open the ampoule
- Use a suitable plastic or glass syringe. Depended on the standard use a needle with a diameter between 0.8 mm and 1.0 mm (oil standard) and a length of minimum 70 mm.
- First rinse the syringe 1-2 times with 1 ml each of the standard then draw up slowly the entire ampoule content in the syringe without air-bubbles.
- Place a 100 ml glass beaker (tall form) on a balance, put the syringe inside and weigh it.
- Press tara
- Press the start button on the TL 7500 KF trace
- Inject about 0,75 1,5 ml of the standard into the titration vessel
- Place the syringe inside the glass baker on the balance and read the exact weight from the display/or press the print button for automatic transfer.
- Enter sample ID and sample weight. The titration starts automatically.
- Repeat the determination 2 -3 times.

#### GLP-Dokumentation



## Methodendaten

Methodenname:	water in ppm	litrationsdauer:	1 m 42 s
Enddatum:	21.03.13	Endzeit:	11:24:16

#### <u>Titrationsdaten</u>

Proben ID:	Standard 0.1	Einwaage:	3.51320 g
Startdrift: Wasser:	2.8 µg/min 343.899 µg	Enddrift:	<b>4.5</b> μg/min
Result: Mittelwert:	97.9 ppm 98.1 ppm	rel. STABW:	0.9 %

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## Sample:

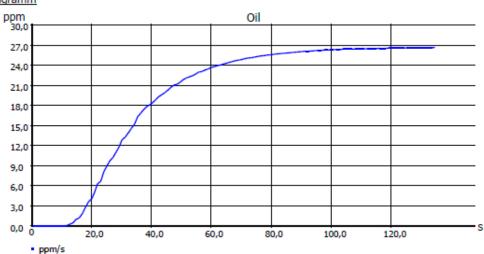
- Open the sample container
- Use a suitable plastic or glass syringe. Depended on the sample use a needle with a diameter between 0.9 mm and 1.5 mm.
- First rinse the syringe 1-2 times with the sample and then then draw up slowly the sample in the syringe without air-bubbles.
- Place a 100 ml glass beaker (tall form) on a balance, put the syringe inside and weigh it.
- Press tara
- Press the start button on the TL 7500 KF trace
- Inject about 1 − 2 ml of the sample into the titration vessel
- Place the syringe inside the glass baker on the balance and read the exact weight from the display/or press the print button for automatic transfer.
- Enter sample ID and sample weight. The titration starts automatically.

#### Note:

If the sample is not homogenous it has to be homogenised before.

# **GLP-Dokumentation**





## Methodendaten

Methodenname: Oil VWR Belgium Titrationsdauer: 2 m 15 s Enddatum: 21.03.13 Endzeit: 18:32:47

# Titrationsdaten

Proben ID: Oil Einwaage: 3.93360 g

Startdrift: 1.7 µg/min Enddrift: 3.1 µg/min

Wasser: 104.787 μg Water: 26.6 ppm



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a **xylem** brand

## Method

## Method data

Method name:Water in ppmCreated at:04/29/13 8:35:39Method type:Automatic titrationLast modification:05/03/13 14:15:33

Documentation: GLP

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Start drift:} & 10.0 \ \mu g/min \\ \mbox{Stop drift (delta):} & 2.0 \ \mu g/min \\ \mbox{Stop drift tolerance:} & 0.02 \ u g/min^2 \\ \end{array}$ 

Stop delay time: 5

Min. titration time: 60 s Max. titration time: 600 s

Working point: 300 mV Control factor: 4

# Calculation formula

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Water:} & \mu g^*M^*F1/(F2^*W) & \text{Mol (M):} & 1.00000 \\ \text{Unit:} & \text{ppm} & \text{Decimal places:} & 1 \end{array}$ 

 Factor 1 (F1):
 1.0000
 Factor 2 (F2):
 1.0000

 Weight (W):
 man
 Statistics:
 Off

Device information

Device: TitroLine 7500 KF trace

Serial number: 10047704 Software version: 1312t

mth\_Water\_in\_ppm\_06\_05\_13-14\_29\_29.pdf



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## Hints

If you have any questions concerning the application, you are welcome to contact us.

## Literature



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